

ebeam Sterilization of Medical and Food Packaging enabled by Compact ebeam Lamp Technology

RadTech Chicago, May 17th, 2016 Dr Michael Bielmann, BD Manager Plastics ebeam Technologies – COMET AG



#### Contents

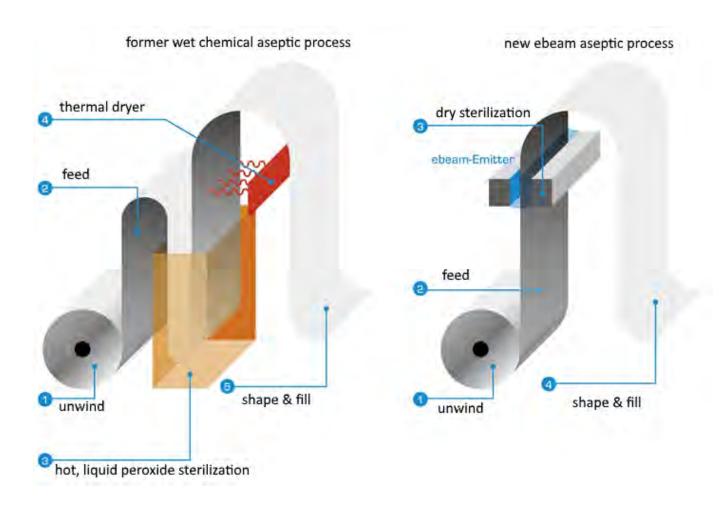
- Quick Corporate Brushover
- (Atmospheric) Electron Beam
- Sterilization Basics
  - Killing me softly
- Selected inline examples
- Verdict

ebeam



## ebeam for the masses

## Tetra Pak - chemical-free sterilization





#### ebeam for the masses

# Sterilisation of Packaging Material





**COMET Group**Facts and Figures



ebeam

## **COMET Group**

# At a glance

- Founded in 1948
- Headquarters in Flamatt, CH
- 14 locations worldwide

- >1050 employees worldwide
- Net sales in mCHF in 2015: 282.3
- EBITDA margin in 2015: 12.7%





# **COMET Group**

# At a glance

#### Leading worldwide with x-ray, RF and ebeam Technologies





# **Breaking News May 2015**

the first and biggest EB Power house in LE-EB





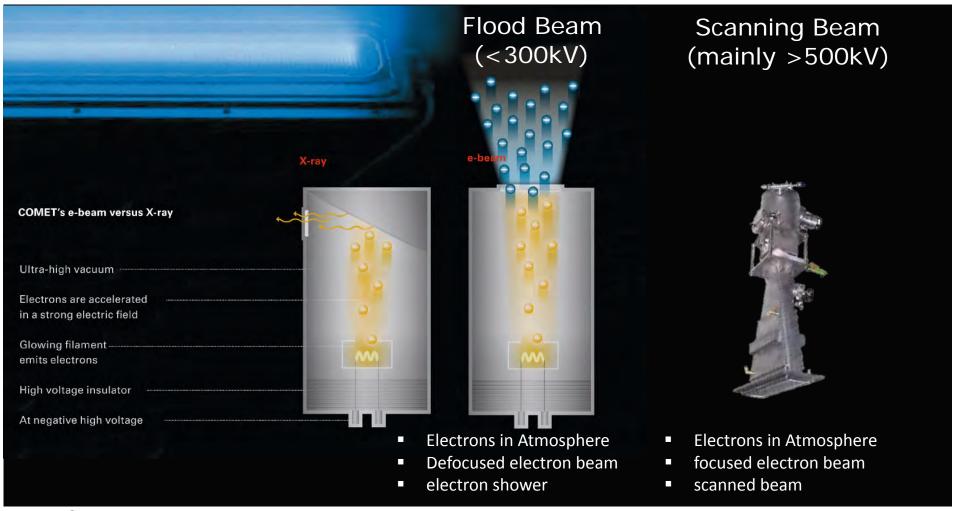
**Electron Beam**What is it?





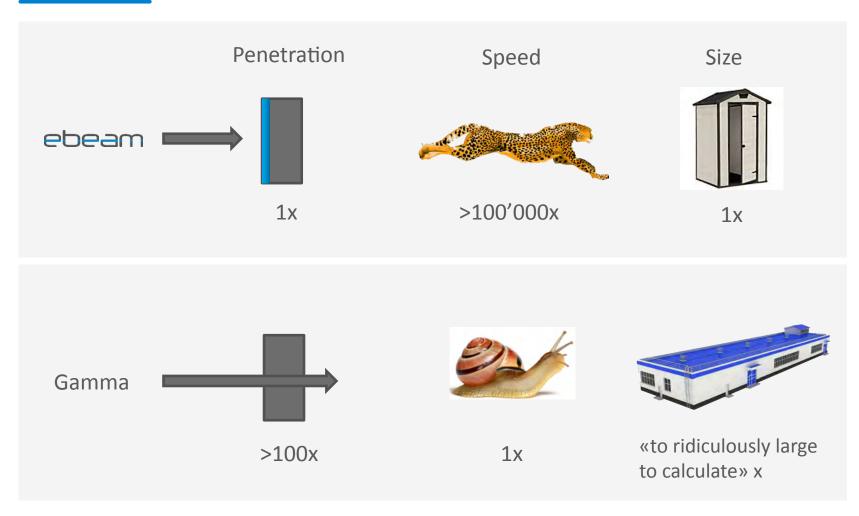
## (Atmospheric) Electron Beam

the 3 cousins: X-ray tube, ebeam lamp and CRT



## (Atmospheric) Electron Beam

# Comparison to other industrial technology (Gamma)



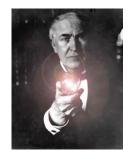


# ebeam (r)evolution

the invention of the "e-light bulb"



~300kV



the ebeam «light bulb»

- small
- affordable
- hermetically sealed
- integrated vs. designed around
- replacements within minutes

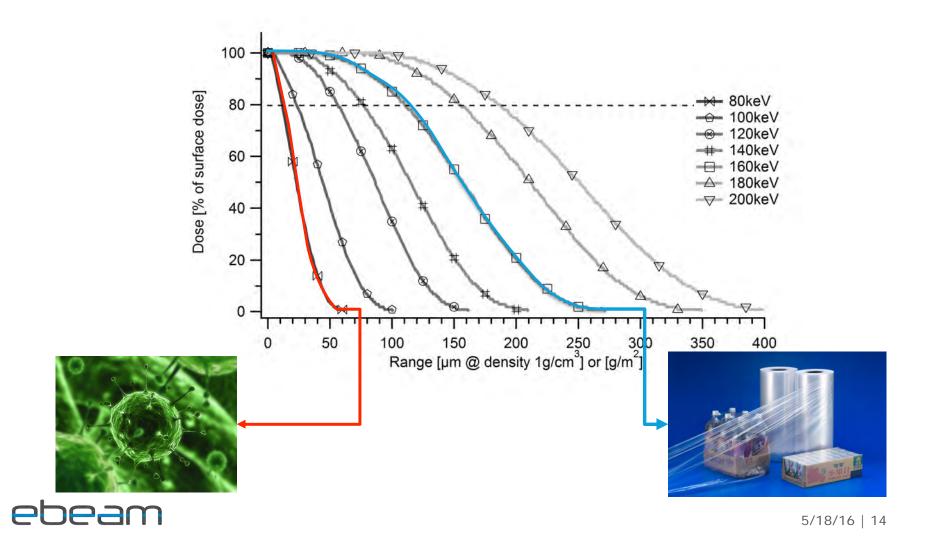




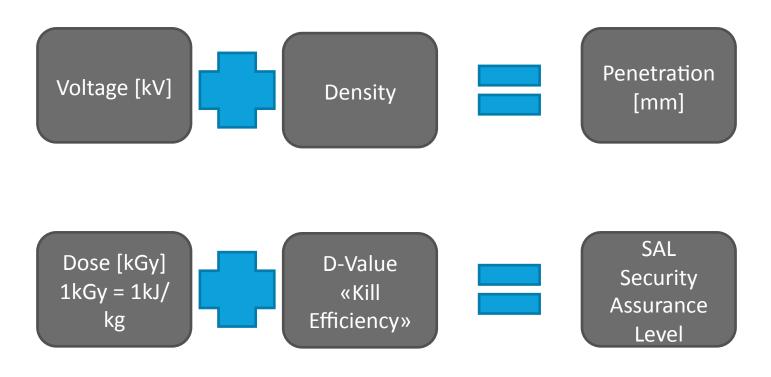
# (Atmospheric) Electron Beam why sealed emitters make a differene



Depth - Dose Curves - Control where Effect is created



#### The main parameters in Bio-burden reduction



ebeam is COLD, CONTACT FREE and DRY Sterilization

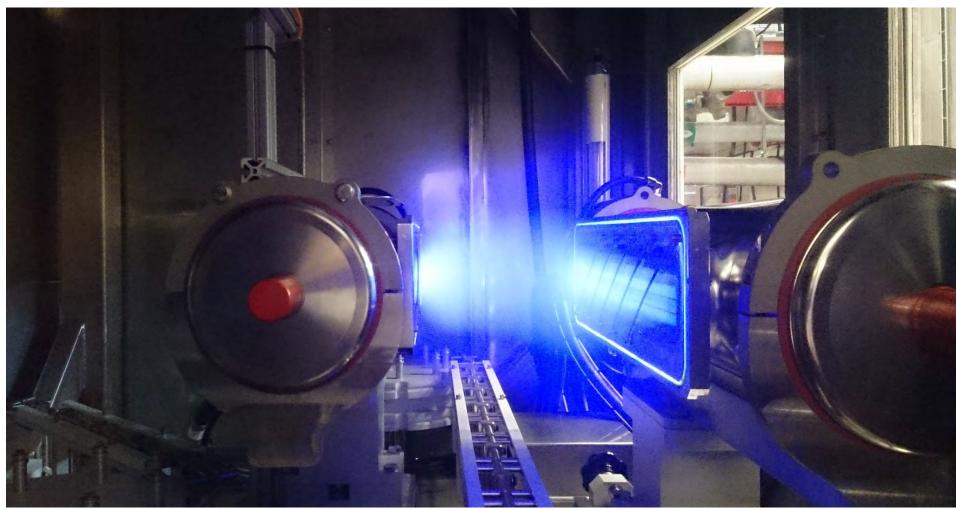


EBLab, "Lamp" and "Brush"-Type



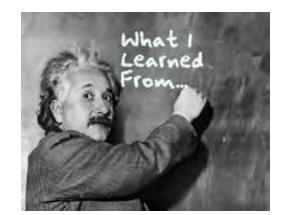


Lamps in crossfire arrangement in action



#### Take Home Messages

- ebeam = electrons in atmosphere
  - non-vacuum = continuous processing (vs. batch)
- ebeam = electron shower
  - no writing, no location precision of electrons
  - high energy (> 80kV) means high spacial distribution
- ebeam = cold modification
  - low energy per surface area
- ebeam = tuneable depth
  - Depth only dependent on density and kinetic energy
  - depth can be changed with same device
- ebeam Innovation = sealed emitter
  - different business model
  - different maintenance model
  - changes CAPEX/OPEX model





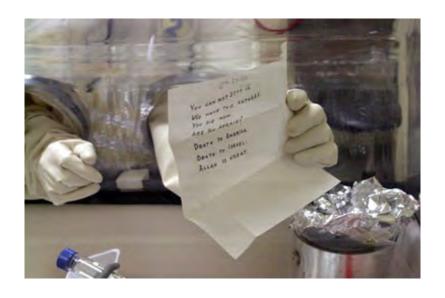
EB for sterilization





## The Amerithrax Case (USA – 2001)

## a case only EB could solve



#### Problem

- Live Antrax Bacteria mailed through USPS to different high profile politicians
- 5 deaths, 17 non-fatal
- Solution
  - Government Mail was processed through EB to abate potential bio-warfare
- Differetiator
  - Only EB offered short turnaround-time needed



Food & Feed-, Bio-, Medical-, Pharma- Technologies

#### Market Driver - Our Race against Pathogens



The matrix of pathogens in our ENVIRONMENT

- a. Livestock production
- b. Human medicine / multi resistance against antibiotics
- c. Environmental hygiene
- d. Global food/feed safety

→ some solutions BUT, NO real alternative



Food & Feed-, Bio-, Medical-, Pharma- Technologies





#### **BIOSAFETY**

**FOOD** 

BIO

**MED** 

**PHARMA** 









#### **Sterilization**

# **Comparison Matrix**

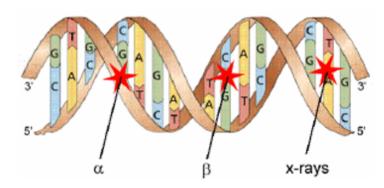
	chemical		thermal	radiation				
	ЕО	Perox	Steam	Gamma	X-Ray	HE- ebeam	LE-ebeam	UV
Turn Around Time	 long post treatment	++	0	 Co60 varies over time, service center	Ο	– service center	+++	++
Goods heating	+++	+ drying		- long exposure	+ / ++	+ / ++	+ * *	++*
Energy	0	-		O (includes supply chain)	Ο	+++	+++	+
Penetration	+ Gas	<b>–</b> surface	0	+++	+++	+++	O energy dependent	- / + + very surface if opaque
Chemicals	 toxic gas	 toxic chemical	+	+	+	+	+	+
Integration	 highly toxic gas	 highly corrosive liquid	-	service provider	 high shielding requirement	 service provider only	+ some shielding requirement	+++
log 8				OK	OK	OK	OK	HARD



<sup>\*</sup> has IR contribution without sterilizing effect

<sup>\*\* 100%</sup> effect of energy deposited. High rate = high energy deposition. no problem with chiller

# **Sterilization by Radiation**What happens



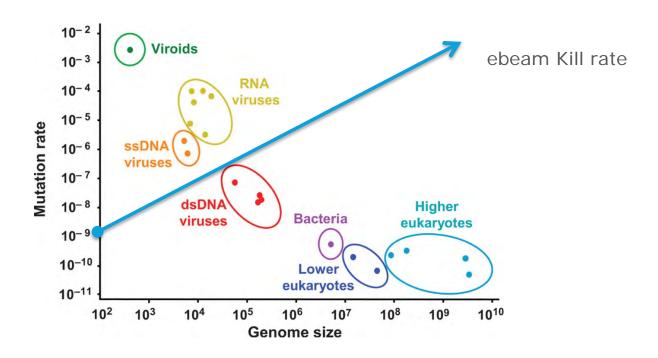
Direct action of ionizing radiation on DNA.

- α particle breaks the "sugar phosphate backbone" of the DNA
  - Difficult to repair and Killing the cell
- β particle breaks hydrogen bonds,
  - Difficult to repair killing or inactivates the cell
- γ / X-rays damage bases
  - Difficult to repair and inactivates the impairing the reproduction massively



## Sterilization by Radiation

#### Bacteria versus virus : Complexity matters

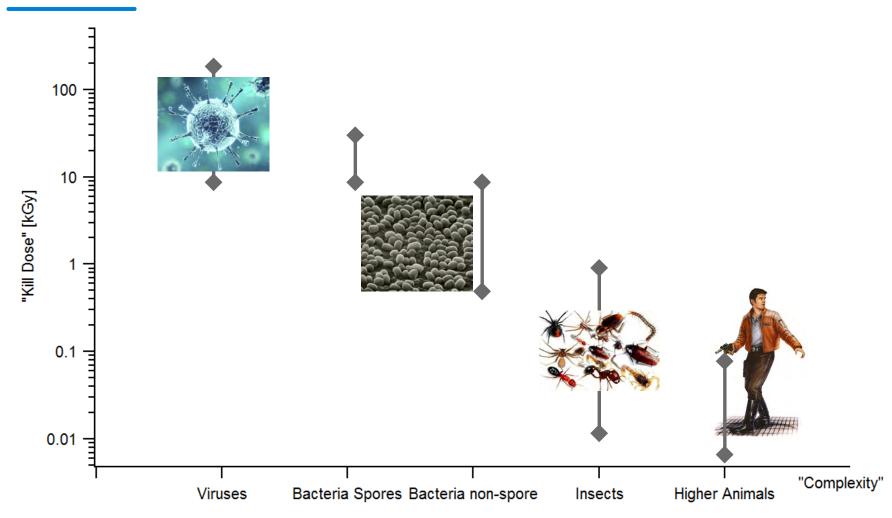


- Killing/Inactivation is stronger with high DNA Content
- High liquid content creates more free radicals and leads to stronger inactivation



# **Sterilization by Radiation**

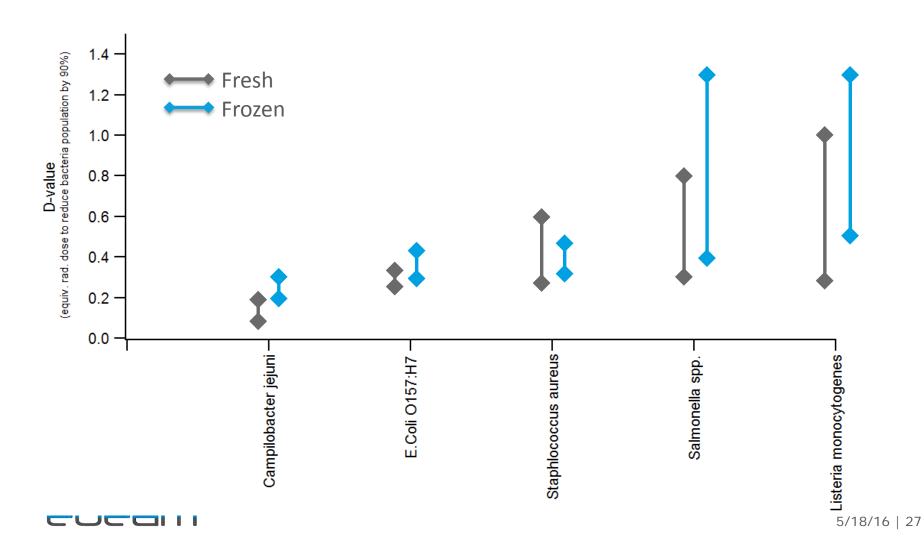
# needed Doses to kill various organisms





# **Typical irradiation**

D-values of pathogens (matrix = meat)



# Sterilization by radiation **Basics**

Kill rates vary from microorganism to microorganism (1-3)

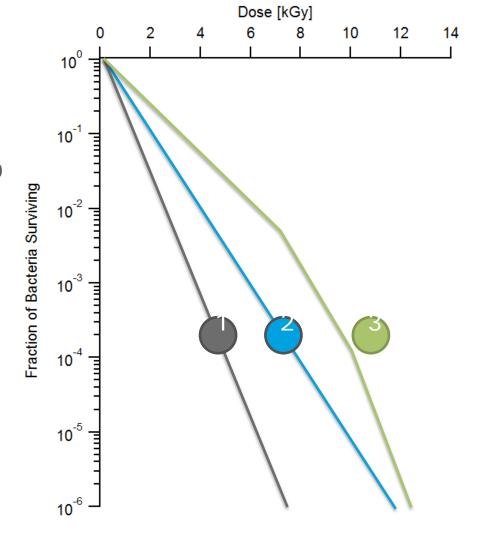
#### **Example:**

- D-Value = 2kGy → kills 9 out of 10 microorganism (blue curve)
- Bio burden: 100 microorganisms
- Required SAL (sterilisation assurance level) of 1E-6 (1 in a million chance one bacteria survived)

#### **Required Dose**

- 2 · 2kGy to decimate microorganisms to 1
- 6 · 2kGy to achieve SAL

Total required dose = 16kGy



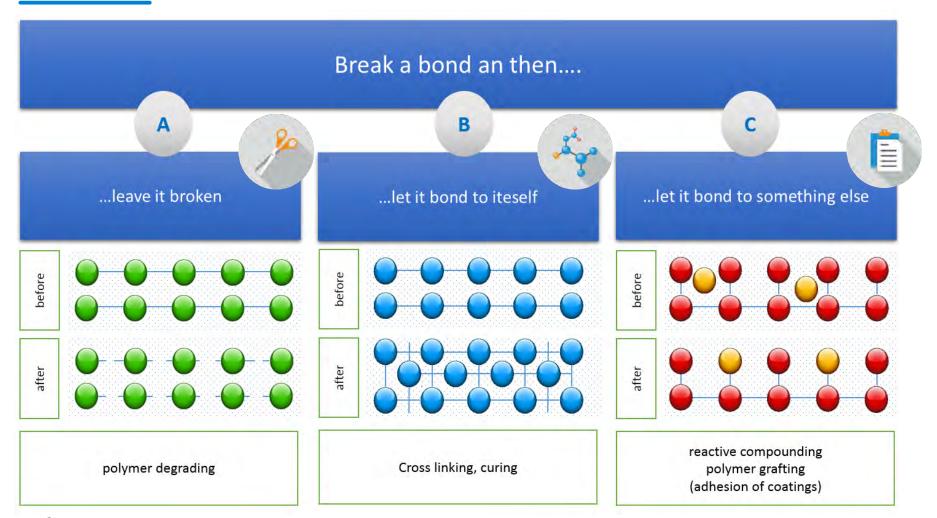


EB for inline steriliziation— Examples

ebeam

#### The ebeam essence

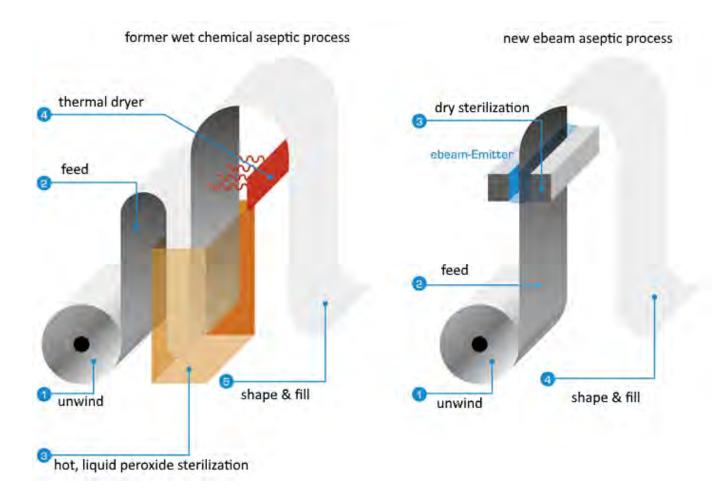
physical basic effects...





#### ebeam for the masses

#### Tetra Pak - chemical-free sterilization

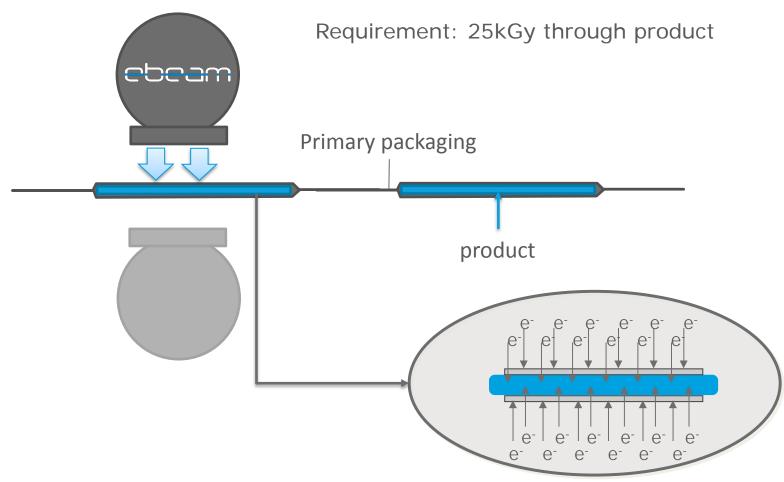




# **Inline Sterilization Applications**

Webbased in primary packaging





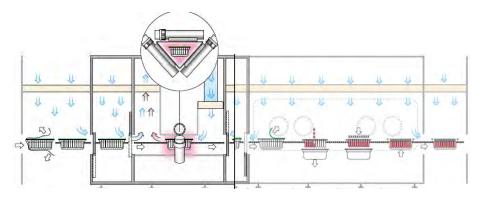


#### **Inline Sterilization Applications**





- Presented by SKAN March 2014
- Sterilisation of tubs for syringe filling lines
- Substitutes hydrogen peroxide that has been in use for 40 years
- Dry, non-contact







# **Grafting / Functionalization** surface properties - wettability





# **Bread**Shelflife



#### Situation:

- 20 % bread vasted
- Chemicals not allowed
- 30 % Longer shelf life required

#### Approach:

- Bread sterilizing (! Legislation !)
- Sterile foils

#### Solution:

- Active packaging!
- Beaming antimicrobiol and scavenger coating on the foil



 Markarian, J., Consumer demands push growth in additives for active packaging. Plastics, Additives and Compounding, 2006. 8(5): p. 30-33.



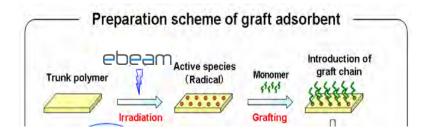
#### **Solution**

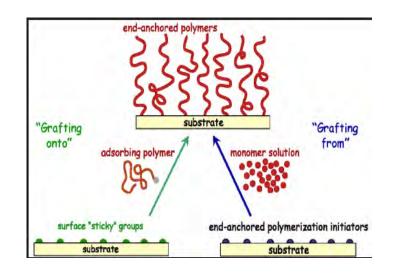
# Grafting of pack material



#### Active packaging with Grafting:

- Releasing
- Emitting
- Removing
- $O_2$  a.o. Scavengers
- Antimicrobiol agents







Summary



ebeam

## Summary the EB (r)evolution







#### Contact details



COMET AG - ebeam Technologies Michael Bielmann Business Development Manager Plastics

Tel.: +41 78 801 16 01

michael.bielmann@comet.ch

COMET AG - ebeam Technologies Ian Bland

VP Business Development

Tel.: +41 78 608 00 13

ian.bland@comet.ch

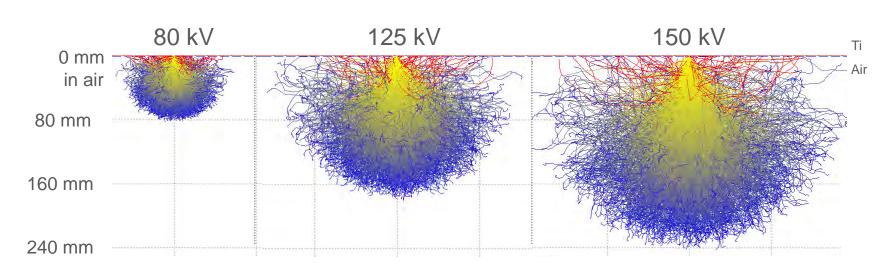




### Energy Delivery: Photons vs. Particles Electron Scattering

- The distribution of energy absorbed by a material depends upon:
  - Energy of electron
  - Atomic number and density of materials
  - System configuration

#### **CASINO**



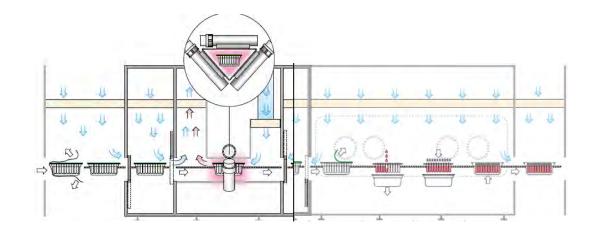
Monte Carlo simulation of point source EB scatter



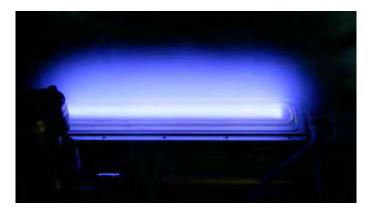
#### Sterilization

#### Pharma: Packaging Tubs, 3D surface sterilization

- Presented by SKAN
   March 2014
- Sterilisation of tubs for syringe filling lines
- Substitutes hydrogen peroxide that has been in use for 40 years
- Dry, non-contact



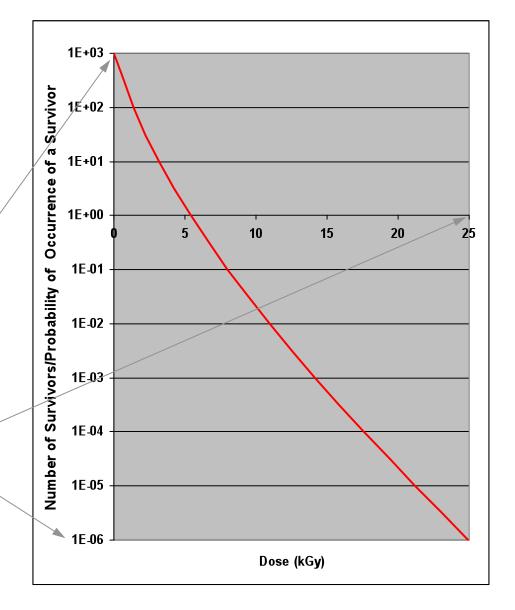






#### **Sterilisation Basics (2)**

- Standard for medical industry:EN ISO 11137-1 and 2
- EN ISO 11137 uses a standard distribution of resistances of bacteria
- Example:
  - Bio burden: 1'000 microorganisms
  - Required SAL 1E-6
  - Required Dose 25kGy



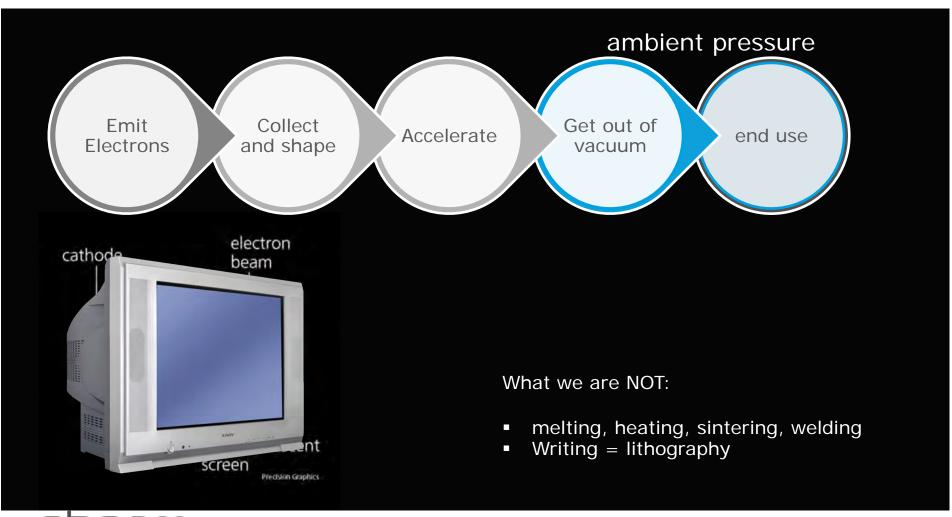


## Factors affecting irradiation effectiveness against microorganisms in foods or food packaging

- Growth phase of microorganism
- Type of matrix; for e.g. food (lean vs fat)
- Moisture content (water level)
- Temperature of matrix; for e.g. food (frozen vs heated)
- Presence of oxygen (aerobic vs anaerobic)



### (Atmospheric) Electron Beam What is it?



### (Atmospheric) Electron Beam High Voltage Accelerators, Scanning

EB in Bunker: 1 MeV – 9 MeV



«Self-shielded»: 500keV-1 MeV



- Service Centers & High Volume Clients
- Very expensive (Infrastructure and Beam)
- Not for thin web-based products



- Service Centers & High Volume Clients
- Mainly Cable&Wire and Tire
- Expensive (Infrastructure and Beam)
- Not for thin web-based products

### (Atmospheric) Electron Beam Low Energy EB (flood beams) & the the "e-light bulb"

«Self-shielded»: 80-300keV



Wide Web, pumped Systems

- pumped
- hermetically sealed
- Wide-web for thin, web-based products



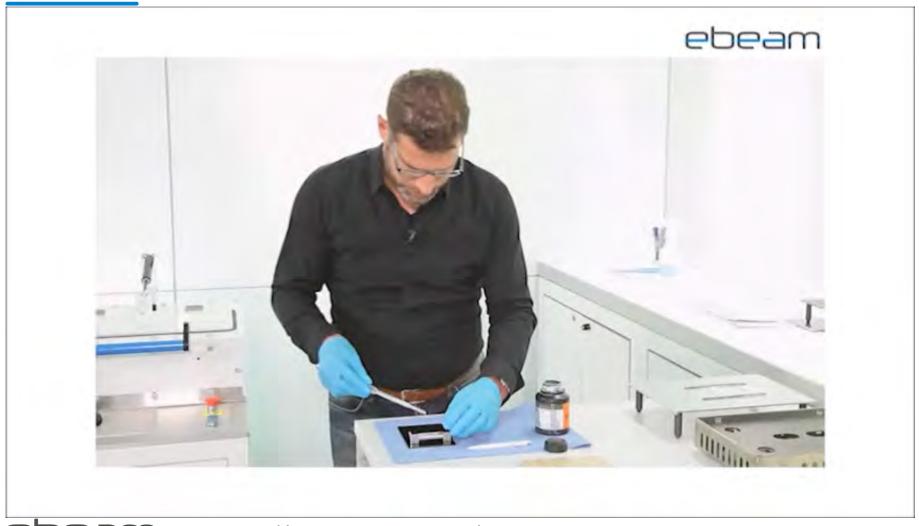
«Sealed & Self-shielded»: 80-300keV



the ebeam «light bulb»

- small
- affordable
- hermetically sealed
- Narrow-web for thin, webbased products
- replacements within minutes

## EB for the masses Ink development on the EBLab



### EB Systems (Broadbeam and ebeam systems) The EB power house

### PCT CE-Series (ebeam)



### PCT LE-Series (Broadbeam)



### PCT EP-Series (Broadbeam)



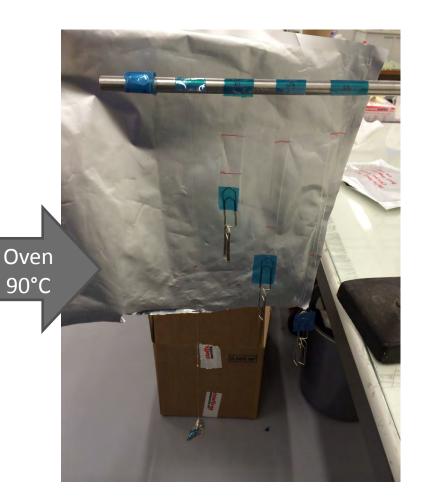
Energy	80-200kV	90-175kV	125-300kV
Width*	0.25m / 0.40m	0.9m / 1.37m / 1.8m / 2.75m	up to 3.3m
Speed	100m/min (30kGy)	400m/min (30kGy)	400m/min (30kGy)



# EB Example (EVA) EB crosslinking (EBXL)



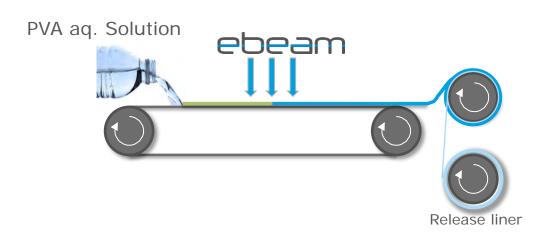






## Curing Hydrogel wound dressing







- Continuous production
- High purity
- High mechanical strength
- Controlled release of drugs



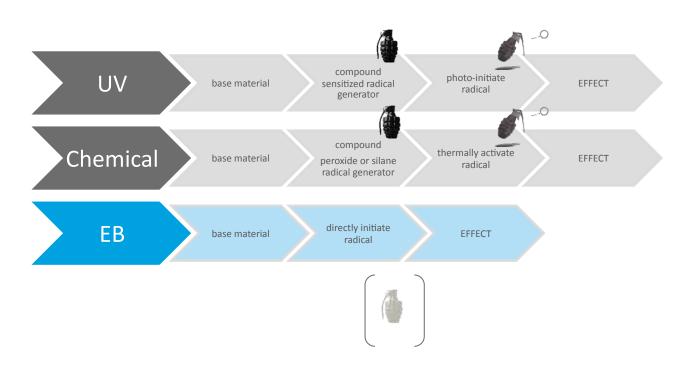
### COMET

### global presence with 12 locations





### Radicals are the ways to initiate change What are the differences?



#### **EB** formulations

- No solvents (wet = dry thickness)  $\Rightarrow$  No VOC
- No Photoinitator = Odour and Migration advantages
- Low heat = works with very thin material

